Week ending Jan. 14, Week ending Jan. 21, 7,409 Week ending Jan. 28, Week ending Feb. 4, - - -Week ending Feb. 11, 4,151 Week ending Feb. 18, -Week ending Feb. 25, Week ending March 3, -

We print the following from among business Letters received by THE TRIBUNE :

WINCHESTER, Ill., Feb. 24, 1868. EDITOR TRIBUNE: Inclosed find check for \$50, for which you will please send me 51 copies of THE WEEKLY THIBUNE one year.

Yours respectfully, GEO. H. PALMER, P. M.

Total Gain in eight weeks - - - -

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 20, 1868. EDITOR TRIBUNE: Inclosed find Post-Office order for ---, for which please add the following names to the 73 I have already sent you for THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE. I think this as large a list as has been sent from Missouri. It includes several ex-Rebels, who voluntarily subscribed. Yours truly. A. E. ANGIER.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 24, 1868. EDITOR TRIBUNE: Please find inclosed \$18 (eighteen dollars), for which send 18 copies WEERLY TRIBUNE to my address. This makes 78 in all on my list.

Yours truly, SAM'L L. AVERT. NEWPORT, Ind., Feb. 21, 1868.

EDITOR TRIBUNE: Please find a \$30 post-office draft for \$50, for which you will please send to my address 50 copies of your WEEKLY TEIBUNE. Yours, &c., WM. EGELSTON. SHIREMANSTOWN, Pa., Feb. 25, 1868.

Entron TRIBUNE: I inclose herewith a check for fifty dellars (\$50), for which please send me fifty-one copies of your WEEKLY TRIBUNE for one year. I am in hopes that we may be able to augment the number some SOLOMON MOHLER. Yours respectfully, GREAT BEND, Pa., Feb. 24, 1868.

EDITOR TRIBUNE: Inclosed please find \$51 for 52 copies of THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE. We appreciate your liberal terms for the best paper in the world, and share your desire that it may render effective service during the coming contest. Yours, &c., W. F. SIMRELL.

ANSONIA, Conn., Feb. 25, 1868. EDITOR TRIBUNE: I inclose draft on Fourth National Bank of New-York for \$79, for 80 copies WEEKLY TRIBUNE, to commence this week, as per your terms. Respectfully

PARISHVILLE, N. Y., Feb. 24, 1868. EDITOR TRIBUNE: Inclosed find \$74, for which please send to this office 60 copies of THE WEEKLY and 2 of THE BEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE. Our clubs for THE WEEKLY and BEMI-WEEKLY both expire Feb. 25. Please send them so that the old club will not now a scriptions. Yours very respectfully,
D. A. MOORK, P. M., that the old club will not lose a number between sub-

Parishville P. O., St. Lawrence Co., N. Y.

FAIRBANK, Buchanan Co., Iowa, Feb. 21, 1868. EGITORS TRIBUNE: We send you draft on New-York for fifty-three dollars (\$53), for which you will send to Charles Redfield fifty-four copies WEEKLY TRIBUNE. Last year 16 were taken here. Respectfully yours, W. T. LYON.

J. STRICKLAND.

LAPEER, Cortland Co., N. Y., Feb. 22, 1868. To THE TRIBUNE: Please send to my office 50 copies of THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE for one year, and one copy extra for the club, for which I send you a certificate of deposit on the Messenger Bank for \$50 for the same. ROYAL JOHNSON, P. M., Lapeer. Yours truly.

HORNELLSVILLE, N. Y., Feb. 27, 1968.

PUBLISHERS TRIBUNE: Inclosed find draft for \$25, for which please add 25 copies to my club of WEEKLIES. This will make my club 120. Very truly yours, J. W. SHELLEY. MILLVILLE, N. J., Feb. 29, 1868.

for which you will please send us 102 copies of THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE to the address of Lewis Mulford, Millville P. O. Cum. Co. New-Jersey. Yours,

EAST MACHIAS, Mc., Feb. 24, 1868. EPTOR TRIBUNE: Inclosed find \$13, for which you will please send is WEEKLY TRIBUNES, to be added to the 50 you now send to our address, making thus far, 63 in all. We shall keep the list open and get all we can. Yours, SAM'L W. POPE & Co.

MAUCH CHUNK, Feb. 20, 1868. Entrox TRIBUNE: Inclosed you will find cash draft on National Park Bank for \$137 50, for which you will please send THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE for one year to the in list of subscribers, commencing with the number for this week. I also inclose you \$1 25, for which you will please send Senator Morton's speech. Should I receive any more subscribers can I add them to this list at the same price! Your early reply will much oblige, yours traly,

FREMONT, Ohio, Feb. 28, 1868. PUBLISHERS TRIBUNE -Gentlemen: Please find inclosed draft for \$50, for which you will send to my address 51 copies of THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE for one year. Shall want to add to the Club, and hope to make it 100 soon. Respectfully yours,

Hastings, Barry Co., Mich., Feb. 26, 1869 Ho. TRIBUNE, New-York: Inclosed find draft for \$10, for 51 copies of THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE. R. J. GRANT.

HASTINGS, Mich., Feb. 26, 1868. ED. TRIBUNE: I sent you yesterday \$50, for 51 copies of THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE. Inclosed find P. O. order for \$20. Add 29 more WEEKLIES to our Club.

CORNING, N. Y., Feb. 25, 1868. Entrop TRIBUNE: Inclosed please find \$110, in payment for 102 copies of THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE, as per the in closed list. We expect to add to the list very soon, and of course are entitled to the same terms. Please commence

with this week's issue. Yours respectfully, C. S. COLE, per Rep. Town Com.

CORNING, N. Y., Feb. 26, 1868. EDITOR TRIBUNE: Inclosed please find draft for \$70, in payment for 71 copies of THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE. This is the same club and in addition to the \$110 sent yesterday, making \$180 in all. We expect to increase the list still further, and are, of course, entitled to the same terms. Yours respectfully, C. S. COLE, per Rep. Town Com. P. 8.—Please commence with this week's issue and send to M. F. Cooper, Gibson, Stenben County, New-York.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 25, 1868. EDITOR OF TRIBUNE: Inclosed, please find check on New-York for \$69 50, for which send to my address 68 copies of your WEEKLY TRIBUNE for one year, and one copy to Justin Chapin, Bernardston, Franklin Co., Mass. M. P. CHAPIN, Knoxville, Tenn. Yours truly,

MACON CITY, Feb. 25, 1868. EDITOR OF TRIBUNE: You will find money order for \$10, and one dollar inclosed, for subscription to THE TRIBUNE. Please forward the papers to James Wane, Macon City, Missouri.

STATE UNION REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE ROOMS, ELYRIA, O., Feb. 29, 1868. PUBLISHER OF THE TRIBUNE: Inclosed I hand you draft For \$18. Send sixteen more copies of WREELT TRIBUNE to Wm. H. Park at Elyria, Ohio, which increases the club go 140; shall undoubtedly make it 200 before April. The good work goes bravely on. The Republicans here are unanimously and enthusiastically with Congress, while the Democrate are remarkably quiet. Please send the Democrate are remarkably quiet. Please send the Democrate field 36. Truly yours, J. H. BOYNTON.

Paper of Feb. 26. Truly yours, WYNAMI, Ohio, Feb. 28, 1868. EDITOR TRISUME: Here you have \$54. Send 55 copies WHERLY TRIBUNE, We have 60 voting Republicans in this township and about 260 Democrats.

When I came here, two years, ago, there was not one copy of The Thinune taken. I claim the banner for the targest number, compared with the number of Republican votes polied. Who can beat it? st., New-York.

Other names will be forthcoming. Yours hastily.

EDITOR TRIBUNE: Inclosed please find check for \$16

for TRIBUNES. We still expect more. You might give

our township a little puff. This is the largest club ever

got up. We poll a vete of 160, with a Democratic majority.

or at least has been, in the past. We think the scales are

EDITOR TRIBUNE: I inclose a check for \$100. This smount was given by thirty different individuals, and it

is their desire that so many WEEKLY TRIBUNES as the

money will pay for, for one year, shall be sent free to

men in the close or doubtful States, who now vote the Democratic ticket, on condition of their agreeing to read

them. The contributors think this to be the best use that

can be made of the money, but if you know of any better

way of advancing the good cause, they wish you to use it

THE TRIBUNE: For the inclosed draft for \$100 on Phila-

felphia, please send to Somerset, Pa., 100 copies WEEKLY

EDITORS TRIBUNE: Inclosed find \$15 for 12 more copies

of THE WEEKLY TERRINE to be added to the club of 26 sent you the 1st of February by me. I expect to keep in-

creasing our cinb as opportunity offers. I feel it the duty

of some good citizen in every locality to take the time

and raise a club for THE TRIBUNE—the cheapest paper

published, and containing more trustworthy intelligence

home and foreign, more of the true spirit of Americans

than any other, and of stamina enough to advocate a true

and just policy from which the journals of the day shrink.

Hoping that the subscribers will be soon gratified and

PUBLISHERS TRIBUNE: Inclosed I send you \$25 for 25 copies of THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE to my address, to be

TRIBUNE taken at this office in addition to those I have

EDITOR TRIBUNE: Inclosed please find money order for

\$50, for which you will please send flity copies of THE N.

Y. TRIBUNE to Postmaster, Ione Valley. Cal., and one copy

P. S .- I will probably send you another order in the

TRIBUNE. We want the privilege to add to this

urer : R. A. Smith, Giles Green, Capt. J. R. Ross.

Yours truly.

dent: H. A. Woodhouse, Secretary; C. C. Jadwin, Treas-

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE FOR 1808.

respect. A desperate effort is preparing to give

ascendancy to this Reactionary principle in our Government through the triumph of its

champions in the choice of our next President

The journals thus crowded into circulation

by offering them at cost are neither so large

nor so varied in their contents, nor produced at anything like the cost of THE TRIBUNE. They are political merely or mainly, while our col-

umns are more generally filled with Foreign

Correspondence, Farming Intelligence, Litera-

Nevertheless, in deference to the representa-

tions of our friends, and in view of the mo-

mentous issues of our Presidential struggle

now opening, we have resolved to offer THE

WEERLY TRIBUNE for 1868 to clubs of fifty

or more for One Dollar per annum: That is

to say: for fifty dollars we will send to one

address fifty copies of THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE

for one year, and any larger number at the

\$2 for one copy, one year, 52 issues. For \$9, received at one time, five copies will

For \$15, received at one time, ten copies will e sent to names of Subscribers.

And one copy extra to the getter up of the

For \$27, received at one time, twenty copies

And one copy extra to the getter up of the

For \$55, received at one time, fifty copies will

And one copy to getter up of club. For \$25, received at one time, twenty copies

And one copy to getter up of club.

For \$50, received at one time, fifty copies will

And one copy Semi-Weekly Tribune to getter

These terms are invariable and cannot be

No newspaper so large and complete as THE

WEERLY TRIBUNE was ever before offered at so low a price. Even when our Currency was

at par with gold, no such paper but THE TRIBUNE was offered at that price; and THE

TRIBUNE then cost us far less than it now does. But the next election must be carried

for Liberty and Loyalty, and we mean to do

We believe that the circulation of half a mil-

lion copies of THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE during

the coming year would be more effectual in influencing and confirming voters than five

times their cost spent in the ordinary way just

before election. Almost every Republican knows honest Democrats, who need only to be unde-

ceived in order to vote right in the coming contest. See to it that such are supplied with The Weekly Tribune. It costs but little, and the

Friends who propose to cooperate with us!

please send us your orders as promptly as may be. Address The Tribune, No. 154 Nassau-

result will be permanent.

our part toward effecting that consummation.

To mail subscribers, our prices will be,

sent to names of Subscribers.

will be sent to names of Subscribers.

be sent to names of Subscribers.

will be sent to one address.

same rate.

up of club.

deviated from.

PRICE REDUCED.

Yours truly,

extra to the getter-up of club.

course of a few days.

Yours truly,

MANSFIELD, Tioga Co., Pa., Feb. 26, 1868.

IONE VALLEY, Cal., Feb. 12, 1368.

HONESDALE, Pa., Fqb. 28, 1868.

S. B. ELLIOTT.

MARY SCUDDER.

interested in their numbers of it, I am, respectfully, T. J. HAWTHORNE.

ROCKPORT, Atchison Co., Mo., Feb. 20, 1868.

in accordance with that judgment. Yours truly,

TRIBUNE, and one copy SEMI-WEEKLY.

turning. Respectfully,

from the 25th ult., in consequence of the resignation of Lord Derby and the suspension of Parliamentary business pending the formation of the new Ministry. LIMERICK, March 4.-An attempt was made last

- 42,063 Copies

NEW-FLORENCE, Feb. 25, 1868.

TAUNTON, Mass., Feb. 26, 1868.

SOMERSET, Pa., Feb. 24, 1868.

night, it is alleged by the Fenians, to set fire to a large machine-shop in this city, but it was defeated by the vigilance and activity of the police. The incendiaries made use of Greek-fire in their attempt.

EUROPE. GREAT BRITAIN. THE IRISH QUESTION.

ET ATLASTIC TELEGRAPH TO THE TAINUNE.

LONDON, March 4.—The present condition of Ireland

and the question of Irish reform are to be considered

in the House of Commons on Tuesday, the 10th inst.

The consideration of these subjects was postponed

FENIAN INCENDIARISM.

ABYSSINIA. LETTERS FROM THE ERITISH CAPTIVES-THE

KING OF SHOA AND KING THEODORUS. LONDON, March 4.—Dispatches from Annesley Bay

say letters from the British captives have been received at the advanced post of the Expedition, hav-POST-OFFICE, DANBURY, Conn., Feb. 26, 1868. EDITOR TRIBUNE: You will find check for \$56 for 51 TRIBUNES to be sent to names of subscribers annexed.

ing been brought in secretly by native messengers. The letters are dated Magdola, Feb. 9. They show that the prisoners were still confined in the fort of King Theodorus, at Magdola, where they are carefully guarded by their jailors. Though in great fear of the vengeance of the King, they were still as well treated as their condition as prisoners would permit, and all were alive and in good health. The letters give the important intelligence that the King of Shoa, a powerful tributary chief, had left Magdola in a great rage against Theodorus. It was believed he would turn his arms against the Abyssinian monarch as soon as the British soldiers appeared in sight. No knowledge as to what plan of operations or course of policy King Theodorus intends to adopt has yet been

PORTUGAL.

THE OUTEN BURNED IN EFFIGY. LONDON, March 4.-The news from Lisbon shows that the popular dissatisfaction has not subsided. A dispatch from Lisbon to-day reports that an effigy of the Queen of Portugal was burned last night by an

ITALY.

ADMIRAL FARRAGUT AT SPEZZIA. FLORENCE, March 4 .- Admiral Farragut has arrived at Spezzia on the steamer Frolic. To-day he received a visit from the Italian Minister of the Marine on board the Frolic.

ILLNESS OF CARDINAL ANTONELLI. ROME. March 4.-Cardinal Antonelli is confined to his palace by serious illness.

FRANCE.

VISIT OF PRINCE NAPOLEON TO GERMANY. Paris, March 4.—The visit of Frince Napoleon to Germany has no connection whatever with political

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

SOUTHAMPTON, March 4.—The steamship Hammonia, Capt. Ehlers, of the Hamburg-American line, which put back with her propeller broken, arrived at this port/in safety to-day. The cabin passengers per Hammonia will go forward to New-York in the Germania, Capt. Schwensen, which sails from this port on Friday, the 6th. The Company's steamship Borussia, which sails from here on Sunday, the 8th, will take the steerage passengers and cargo of the Hambard Capt. added to my club of 61 heretofore forwarded you. As I promised, this club will reach 100 copies, notwithstanding there are 40 copies, new subscriptions, of THE WEEKLY take the steerage passengers and cargo of the Ham-

monia.

LIVERPOOL, March 4.—The Montreal Steamship Company's steamer, Nova Scotia, Capt. Aird, arrived at Londonderry, from Portland, Feb. 23, to-day, and proceeded for Liverpool.

GLASGOW, March 4.—The Alian Line steamship St. Andrew, Capt. Scott, from Portland, arrived at Greenock to day.

BY STEAMSHIP.

The steamship Bremen, from Bremen, arrived at this port yest. day with two days dater news from EDITOR TRIBUNE: Inclosed please find certified check for \$150, to pay for 150 copies of THE WEEKLY (Campaign)

Please publish the names of the Republican County Committee for Wayne County, as follows: C. P. Waller, Prest. From every quarter, friends write us that systematic, determined efforts are making, and with considerable success, to push into circulation journals which sympathized with the Rebellion during its progress, and are now moved and inspired by its fundamental principle that Liberty is rightfully the birthright, not of all men, but of White men, that Blacks have no rights which Whites are bound to

was chitical to hold the crease the number by seven. It was proposed to give two to the universities, one each to Lanarkshire, Ayrshire, and Aberdeenshire, one to Glasgow, and to give one to a new group of boroughs to be composed of Ardrossan, Coatbridge, Wishaw, Barrhead, Johnstone, Helensburgh, Pollokshaws, and Kirkintilloch. These towns had now an aggregate population of 36,253. It was also proposed to group together the towns of Hawick and Galashields, and to add them to the Haddington district. The only other provision in the bill had for its object to add Alioa to Stirling.

Leave was given to bring in the bill, which was subsequently read a first time, and ordered for second reading on next Monday week.

The following telegram from the special correspondent of The Times was received in England on the 16th of February. It was dated Senafe, Feb. 1: "The British troops yesterday occupied Addigraht. The Derai and Talanta peasantry are reported to have submitted to Theodore."

An Alexandria dispatch of the 16th of February says: "Advices from Annesley to the 9th uit, state that the bay was full of transports, which were lying idle, the lad weather rendering towage impossible. Col. Dunn has been killed at Senafe by the accidental discharge of a fowling-piece. A great scarcity of water provailed at Annesley, and the daily allowance was three quarts. Her Majesty's transport Crocodile arrived here to-day with the 22d Highlanders, who will proceed to Suez tomorrow to embark in the Malabar for India.

A dispatch from Matta, dated Peb. 16, gives the fellowing news: "Her Majesty's Indian troop-ship Crocodile lais sarrived here from Alexandria, which she left on the 12th. She brings reports that the main body of the Abyssynian Expedition cannot advance until the depots have been founded at Senafe, which will require considerable

12th. She brings reports that the main body synian Expedition cannot advance and the main body. synian Expedition cannot advance until the depots have synian Expedition cannot advance until the depots have been formed at Senafé, which will require considerable time, as each mule's burden, upon reaching its destina-tion, is reduced to average weight of 10 pounds. Nineteen miles of piping for the conveyance of water was passing through Egypt for Abyssinia.

FRANCE.

The Constitutionnel of the 16th of February The Constitutionnel of the 16th of February maintains that the Great Powers acted upon correct information when they made representations at Reigrande and Bucharest. The same journal adds that warnings were indispensable if it were wished to avoid a repetition on the lanks of the Danube and Save of the game which others attempted to play last Autumn on the Pontifical frontier. The Elendard says that Gen. Ignatieff will return to Constantinople as soon as Madame Ignatieff has recovered from an attack of the measles from which also is at present suffering. The Patric says that telegrams received from Servia announce a considerable modification of excitement among the population. Prince Michael is said to have acted with considerable energy against the tendencies of a portion of his surrounders. This result must be attributed to the representations made by the Great Powers.

GERMANY.

THE BUDGET AND THE FINANCES.

On the 15th of February, in the sitting of the Chamber of Deputies at Berlin, the Government asked that the sum fixed in the estimates for the police administration in Hanover should be voted. This amount had been reduced by the Committee, but, owing to the agitation at present prevailing in Hanover the whole amount requested by the Government was now granted.

The Minister of the Interior presented a bill relative to the closing of the gambling establishments at Wiesbaden, Ems, and Humbury, which will take place, at the latest, by the 31st of December, 1872. They may, however, be closed at an earlier period by royal decree. No compensation is to be granted to the proprietors.

At the sitting of the Upper House, on the 17th of February, the special debate came up upon the bill based upon the proposal of the Committee that members of the Diet should be arraigned before a Cairt composed of members of both Chambers when persecuted for expressions used while engaged in the performance of their duties as representatives.

Upon the votes being taken, by calling over the names

be sent to one address.

And one copy to getter up of club.

For \$100, received at one time, one hundred copies will be sent to one address.

Upon the votes being taken, by calling over the names

Upon the votes being taken, by calling over the names of the members, paragraph I was rejected by 65 to 55. The bill is, therefore, thrown out.

COUNT HISMARCK AND THE PRUSSIAN CONSERVATIVES. The Nord has the following: "Our Berlin correspondent completes the information he gave us three days ago relative to the pretended retirement of Count de Riemarck. That statesman is not so ill as was reported; for this very week he intends to leave Berlin to take part in a grand shooting excursion. With regard to his conflict with the Conservative party the struggle is real and serious, and he has sent his altimatum to his former allies. In order for a reconciliation to take place, the Conservatives must replace their present leader, M. de Bodelsekwing, by another chief, not systematically hostile to the national policy of Count de Bismarck, as that gentleman silvays was when he formed part of the ministry. The persuasion is that the Conservatives will give way."

REPORTED DISAFFECTION IN SIGILY.

Reactionary intrigues are very active in Sieily. The
Government has taken the necessary measures to put
down any attempts at disturbances in the island. THE PAPAL STATES.

ITALY.

THE PAPAL STATES.

THE ARMS OF THE TROOFS AND THE FORTIFICATIONS OF THE CITY.

The commissioners sent abroad to select the best model for a rifle wherewith to arm the Pope's troops have just returned to Rome, having decided for the American Remington rifle as modified in England, a simple but solid model. Some objections to the form of the cartouche have lad to an improvement in it. Ten thousand of these

weapons have been ordered, and in six months they are to be in the hands of Pio Nono's soldiers.

A correspondent of the Debats, writing from Rome, says: "The works of fortification are still prosecuted with great activity. The whole of the wall surrounding Rome is being crowned with battlements; part of the covered gallery leading from the Vatican to Fort St. Angelo is being repaired or reconstructed; but I ought to say that the sand bars have disappeared from the parapet of the Pincian. The military administration has at last admitted what was obvious to all, namely, that no attack could possibly be attempted on that side."

PROTESTANT SOLDIERS IN THE SERVICE OF THE FOVE.

A letter from Rome, in the Debats says: "Everybody knows that the Papal army contains subjects of all countries; but what is not generally known is that it is not composed exclusively of Catholics, and that there are soldiers in it belonging to all creeds. I myself could scarcely believe the fact, and I was obliged, to be convinced of it, to take note with my own eyes of a certain number of men in the Pontifical uniform attending a Protestant church.

ROUMANIA.

The report of the assembling of armed bands in Reumania has been made the subject of an interpellation in the Chamber of Deputies at Bucharest. M. Carpen, who raised the question, strongly cendemned the existence of these bands; accused M. Bratiano and the Ministry of compromising the interests of Roumania and abandoning the French alliance for that of Russia. M. Bratiano characterized the charge as a "perfiduous accusation," denied the existence of armed bands, said that if they existed the Government could suppress them; and that Roumania had been, was, and would be grateful to the French Government for the support it had given to the establishment of Roumanian independence. The policy of Roumania, he added, was at present purely national, but it required a powerful organization in order to make its neutrality respected. THE INSURRECTIONARY BANDS.

TURKEY.

REPORTED CONSPIRACY IN BULGARIA.

A dispatch from Vienna announces that the Government of the Sultan have received information of a vast conspiracy in Bulgaria, and the Ministry have been assembled to deliberate on the steps to be taken. The Grand Vizier has been ordered back from Crete. We extract the following from the North-Eastern Correspondence of Vienna:

Grand Vizier has been ordered back from Crete. We extract the following from the North-Eastern Correspondence of Vienna:

"Our most recent information from Bucharest, Beigrade, &c., corroborates our previous reports as to the preparations that are being made, notwithstanding the demials that have been put forward, for an insurrection in Bulgaria. The bands which are being organized get every support which they require from the authorities in Servia and Roumanna. All our correspondents agree in representing Prince Charles of Roumania as a tool in the hands of Russia. We give the very words of a letter which has been received from Roustchouk, dated Feb. 3:

"The former chief of the Bulgarian insurrection, Philip, is at Zlobedic, a small town near Ghirgevo. The object of his presence in this neighborhood is said to be to execute a project for setting on fire the Turkish quarter of Roustchouk and all the Turkish villages along the Danube. The Turkish Government happily got information of what was intended, and prevented the design by taking timely precautions. There is a rumor that the outbreak will take place between the 18th and 27th of February. Servia is to be ready at the right time, and to strike a heavy blow. Philip will have 2,000. Persons are everylmoment leaving Routschouk to join him. Some 30 have passed through the town to Sophia. All this is done openly—the Turkis not daring to arrest these men, or to search them. A superbor Russian officer, escorted by othar officers of the same nation, and 150 Bulgarians from Besarabia, has arrived in Galatz to assemble the bands who are to cross the Danube. They will amount to 4,000. Men are collecting in the villages of Wallachia in the neighborhood of the large towns. Convoys of men and arms are directed along the small towns of the left bank of the river, in order not to attract notice. Men are covered with cloaks which they receive in Wallachia. The arms will be delivered to them in Bulgaria, at the meighborhood of the large towns. Convoys of men and arms are di

THE MCARDLE CASE.

THE EECONSTRUCTION ACTS IN REVIEW. WASHINGTON, March 4 .- In the United States Supreme Court, to-day, Mr. Carpenter resumed his argument of yesterday. He maintained that when Congress entered upon the discharge of a specific duty by virtue of power conferred by the Constitution, such duty was not imited by the limitations applicable to other objects found elsewhere in the Constitution. The point of the Counsel for the appellant was that Congress must dis' charge its duty, subject to the restrictions in other parts of that instrument. The issue is thus clear and distinct,. GREAT BRITAIN.

In the House of Commons on the 17th ult., the Lord Advocate moved for leave to bring in a bill for the amountment of the representation of the people in Scotland, and observed that it was not proposed to disfranchise any existing constituency. The borough franchise would be similar to that in England, and every man who occupied a house and pand rates would be entitled to vote. In the counties the freehold franchise to Ell. As the Government were of opinion that there was no superfluity of representation in Scotland, but thiat, on the countrary, she was entitled to more members, they were prepared to increase the number by seven. It was proposed to give two to the universities, one each to Lanarkshire, any shire, and Aberdeenshire, one to Glasgow, and to give one to a new group of boroughs to be composed of the Reconstruction was whether the provision to the Reconstruction and show that this Court had held even once that Congress in exercising its power could try citizens by court-martial, the argument on the other side would be gone. When the Constitution leaves a power unitary and the Constitution leaves a power unitary and it can be fully exercised. Congress can perform its duty of adding the loval people of Mississipp to establish a republican form of government, and Congress was the sole judge of the means necessary to carry that purpose into effect. Congress, after mature deliberation with the facts and witnesses before it, decided that while the Reconstitution leaves a power unitarinal, the argument on the other side would be gone. When the Constitution leaves a power unitarinal, the argument on the other side would be gone. When the Constitution leaves a power unitarinal, the argument on the tother side would be gone. When the Constitution leaves a power unitarinal, the argument on the tother side would be gone. When the Constitution leaves a power unitarinal, the argument on the tother side would be gone. When the Constitution leaves a power unitarinal, the argument on the lotyle gover i and if he could show that this Court had held even once

crounts, clinks must be repressed and the only mentalized and at what his prevance can be arrested for included and at what his prevance and and to helpfully imprised. A viri of his hears origin was east of all to helpfully imprised. A viri of his hears origin was east of all to hear the hears or the control of the heart of his myrth of the control of the heart of the heart of his myrth of his myrth of his myrth of his control of his first of his myrth of his control of his first of his myrth of his myrth of his control of his first of his myrth of his myrth

ceased to be a State of the American Union. Mississippi, by her act of war, had no rights left. The question of the power of Congress to pass the reconstruction acts was not before the Court. The only question is that which grew out of the exercise of military authority under the act of March 2, 1887, and the acts supplemental thereto. Mr. Trumbull showed that Congress had authority to pass these acts. Mr. Trumbull called attention to the grants of power in the Constitution, and, in conclusion, held that an insurrection does exist in the State of Mississippi, or such a state of things that makes it necessary to call forth the military power of the country. The President having assigned a General of the army to command in Mississippi for the purpose of suppressing insurrection, and Congress, under the authority of the Constitution and the decision of the courts, having taken precautionary measures to suppress insurrection, this Court is bound by the decision of the political department of the Government. If the Court hold differently and can inquire into this question, then we insist that the act of Congress is strictly constitutional, and the power to pass it is to be found in the grants to Congress, specifically named for carrying on war, and repelling invasion, and suppressing insurrection, and for government which exist prior to the war, and the armies of the United States; that in the progress of the war the State of Mississippi destroyed the Government which existed prior to the war, and the armies of the United States having destroyed the government, and that, according to all the national laws, this Government, having beligerent rights, had a right, through the military power, to place a government over Mississippi temporarily, at least; but before this can be done there must be an interval of time, when anarchy must prevail, unless on military intervention for the protection of the people. It was for Congress to determine how long this period shall be, and Congress not having yet determined when civil g

"THE PEOPLE'S READINGS."

ADDRESS OF THE REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER. The first of a series to be known as "The People's Readings," was given last night at Cooper Insti

ute. The audience was a large and intelligent one, and the exercises were of a most pleasing character. Prof-Frobisher, the elecutionist, to whom the inception of this popular series is due, made a few remarks explanatory of his design, alluding to the success which has attended or his design, alluding to the success which has attended the efforts of a few public-spirited gentlemen in England to interest the people in an entertainment of like charac-ter. In that country, he said, the movement was begun on a small scale, but it was soon found necessary to in-crease the facilities to rent larger rooms, and to employ more readers that the growing demand might be supplied. The present course it was thought would become equally popular.

The present course it was thought would become equally popular.

Mr. Jackson R. Schultz, the Chairman, then introduced Mr. Beecher who spoke as follows:

I am not so familiar with the progress of this peculiar part of education in Great Britain as is the gentleman who first spoke. Whatever may be the progress and success of it there, I am of opinion that reading is yet to have a place in the course of popular education in America, which it has never hitherto held. Everything in our day is brought to the test of popularity—not in the bad sense of cheap and indiscriminate, general praise, but in a better sense—the efficacy of all things for the whole rather than for any select class in the community. That is a kind of popularity in which I believe. And learning that once was abstruse scarcely can exist now until it develops something in itself that shall be food for the whole. Directly or indirectly everything feels the influence of this state of the public mind. And so science and literature and art are obliged to carn their livelihood by paying as they go some tribute of knowledge to the whole community. Long since we learned that pleasure—amusements—were obliged to consider the wants of all classes or they could not sustain themselves. I am glad that it is so in every department of society, and that it is no longer possible for a select class to assume to itself privileges, appropriate to itself advantages, maintain them without any consideration whatever as to the welfare and merits of the rost of the community. It is a part of this general tentency to conform to the wants of the whole that has developed so many modes of popular education. The sphere of the pulpit was never so broad as to-day. It has lost nothing, Many things change, but that is gaining, and little is lost that is worth keeping. Law, because it has experienced this democraticing influence, is not weakened; and the practice of law is not less honorable. It never was more honorable than to-day, and yet it has been popularized so that every man Mr. Jackson R. Schultz, the Chairman, then introduced

they study hydrac; and induces being popularization of mono people understand the difference between being sick and well not only, but between the influences that make sickness and health. Now, the Lyeeum lecture, as a creation of the last 20 years, is a popular institution. It has wrought during these 20 years a work which shows that success is in it. Our Lyeeum courses, as develop-

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has wrought during these by Jeans a which allowed that success is in it. Our Lyceum courses, as developments of the educating tendency, generally represent the thoughts of the individual speakers, and happity they discuss questions that are pertinent to the interests of to-day—the current thoughts and feelings, I mean. It is not every man that can be a lecturer. There are a hundred readers where there is one man that can compose, read, and speak well. And it seems very undesirable that the stores of literature should be locked up, gleaned only by those persons whose means and individual taste give them access to these treasures. It seems strange that we had not before thought of unlocking, bringing forth, and presenting by the reader to the common people these inestimable beauties and excellencies of literature. There is an unsurpassable wealth remaining almost unknown. Not one reader in a thousand takes the trouble now to look for things that they could well read and might well scarch for. I can conceive that the time may come when a well as and by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United State Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the heads will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents will look to them for their safe.

tained at the Company's Offices or of its advertised Agents, or will be JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer, New-York.

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Dr. Schenck will be professionally at his ROOMS, No. 32 BOND. ST., New-York, or TUKSDAY, March 10, from 9, a, m, till 3 p, m., and every Tuesday thereafter. All advice free of charge, but for a thorough

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The Treasurer has received the following contributions since the lat of chroner:

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MARRIED.

DIED. CLAPP—On Menday, March 2, at Portland, Maine, Charles Q. Clapp, aged ⊗ years and 9 months.

CAIRNS—On Tuesday, March 3, Pannie Gleu, daughter of Jasper and Sophia C. Cairns, aged 3 years, 3 months, and 3-days.

The friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from No. 248 South Second st., Jersey City, on Thursday, March 5, as 1 o'clock p. m.

DARKER-In Brocklyn, on Wednesday, March 4, William Darker, aged To years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend
the funeral, from his late residence, No. 54 State-st., Brooklyn, on
Friday afternoon, March 6, at 3 o'clock.

Final Alternood, Marca 6, at 3 o cock.

HARRISON—On Thesiay, March 3, Valentine Barton Harrison, elded son of Valentine P. Harrison, aged 31 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of his brotherin-ine. Thos. C. McRee, and of his father-in-law, Forsyth Labsgh, are respectfully invited to attend his faneral, at 1 o'clock p. m., on Friday, March 6, at Calvary Chapel, Twenty-third-st., near Third-ave.

March 6, at Caivary Chapel, Twenty-third-st., near Third-ava.

KNAPP—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 3, Margaret, vidow ofthe late
John Knapp, in the Sai year of her age.

Poneral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Taft, Quiney-st,
accoud house south-west of Nostrand-ave, on Thursday, March 5, at it
o'clock p. m. The friends of the faully are invited to attend. Her
remains will be taken to Shrub Oaks, Westchester Co., for interment.

LORD—On Wednesday, March 4, at his residence, in this city, Danie
Lord, counselor at law, in the Tad year of his age.

BUTHERFURD—In Newark, on Wednesday, March 4, Annie Morrie,
only daughter of the late Welter Rutherfired, in the lith year of her age.

The fineral services will be held at Trinity Church, Newark, on Friday,
March 6, at 3 o'clock p. m. The relatives and friends of the family
are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

TICKNOR—At Salisbury, Cenn., on Wednesday, Peb. 19, Mrs. Elian &

TICKNOR-At Salisburr, Conn., on Wednesday, Feb. 19, Mrs. Eliza A. Ticknor, relict of the late Luther Ticknor, M. D.

TURNER—On Tuesday eroning, March 3, Eliza, daughter of the Row. Joseph Turner, and sister of the Row. Samuel H. Turner, D. D., lake Professor in the Protestant Episcopal Theological Seminary, sgod 55 vears. Sotice of the Superal hereafter.

Notice of the funeral hereafter,

WALKE-ON Wednesday, March 4, Mary Ellis, widow of Thus. Walke,
in the Tikl year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral,
from the residence of her son, Charles Walke, No. 145 East Eighteouthat, on Priday alternoom, March 5, at 1 of clock.

WHILD—At Stocknort, Galumbia Co., N. Y., on Thursday, Feb. 20, Sarah
A. Jocelyn, wife of Joseph Wild of that place, and eldest damption of
Nathaniel and Sarah A. Jocelyn of New-Haven, where the remains
were taken for interment.

WHITRLY-On Tuesday, March 2 Heary Whitely, aged 75 years.
The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral,
from his late residence, in Paterson, N. J., on Thursday, March 5, at 2
o'clock p. m.

iasten Island.
BURR MONTRAVILLE, Calvarr Church, Fourth ave.
BURRELL, CHARLES A. No. 128 East Righty-second-st.
BUCKLEY, Miss MARY A. No. 2 Deyrst.
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WASHINGTON, JOHN, No. 201 Woosterst.

Special Notices.

Union Republican General Committee,—The regular conthis meeting of the above Committee will be held at "Headquarters." Union Republic and the above Committee will be noted.

So. 307 Broadway, south west corner of Twenty second-st, on THURA DAY EVENING. March 5, at 71 o'clock.

Punctual attendance is requested.

FREEMAN J. FITHIAN, President.

WM. DRUMMOND, CHARLES S. STRONG, Secretaries.

CHARLES S. STRONG, § OSCINATION.

American Institute.—The Polytechnic Branch will meet THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 75 o'clock to Room No. 24. Cooper Building. Mr. JAMES A. WHITNEY will read a paper on "Agricultural Engineering." The public are invited.

S. D. TILLMAN, Chairman.

American Institute.—A stated monthly meeting of this Institute will be held the THURSDAY EVENING, at its rooms in the Cooper Building, at 75 o'clock. FRANK MOORE, Rec. Secretary.

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